FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION – DEMAND OF ERA

Annotation: In this article highlights of notion corruption and fight against to the corruption in the Uzbekistan.

Key words: corruption, law, society, government.

One of the terms increasingly used in modern national and international law is corruption. The most painful injustice in cases when a person is in a difficult situation, spiritually crushed, it is not necessary to be mistaken. One of its roots is associated with corruption, which is the illegal use of a person for the purpose of obtaining material benefits, pursuing his personal interests or the interests of other persons from his career or service position.

Since the early days of independence in our country, special attention has been paid to the fight against corruption. Because bribery is one of the most dangerous criminal phenomena that absorbs the foundations of power and management, undermines its reputation before the population, affects the legitimate rights and interests of citizens. It is known that corruption seriously undermines the political and economic development of any state and society, undermines the constitutional foundations and rule of law of the state, ultimately leads to the violation of human rights and freedoms.

President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev special attention to the fact that the concept of Justice, which has been highly appreciated by our people from time immemorial and puts it above all, is a first-level task to find a wider decision in our lives. In our society, it is said that the fight against corruption, the commission of various crimes and other offenses, the Prevention of them, the punishment for the crime, of course, is inevitable. The law “On the fight
against corruption”, adopted in 2017 Year 3 January, created all the grounds for
granting the bar to corruption. In order to ensure full and effective implementation
of this law, on February 2, 2017, the decision of the head of our state "on measures
to implement the provisions of the law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On
Combating Corruption" was adopted. The law "On the fight against corruption"
 guarantees the rights of citizens in this regard. According to the law, appeals of
individuals and legal entities on corruption offences are considered complete,
impartial and timely. Corruption changes the meaning and essence of the
administrative relations of a citizen with a representative of the state and causes
negative consequences both for society and for the state. "Corruption is a social
phenomenon in which employees of state bodies use their service positions for the
purpose of seeing material or property or wrongful personal gain. But only civil
servants are the subjects of corruption activities, because only they will have the
authority of power to make decisions or commit acts that will lead to the
occurrence of corruption relations.”

In general, if we approach the phenomenon of corruption in the broad sense of
the word, then this is not just a crime or offense, but also a state of moral violation.
Therefore, we think that in the fight against this evil, not only state bodies, but also
society and all our citizens in general are responsible.

Now there are several definitions in the coverage of the concept of corruption.
The shortest but broadest definition of corruption in the UN Convention Against
Corruption is: "corruption is the abuse of state power for the purpose of personal
gain.” “There is a closed and most infamous type of crime " to this crime by the
head of State. This is corruption and bribery, this type of crime can not only
disrupt the management apparatus, but also destroy the market fundamentals.
Corruption is, above all, the use of the opportunities of the civil service to support
or direct assistance to organized criminal structures,” it has not been described as
accidental. To date, a solid legal base and a clear system of combating corruption and its prevention have been formed in our republic.

In order to organize the fight against this evil on the basis of World requirements, in 2008, our country ratified the convention of the United Nations "against corruption" on 13 October 2003, and also the law "On the inclusion of the Republic of Uzbekistan in the convention of the United Nations "On against corruption" was adopted. Also, our state joined the Istanbul anti-corruption plan (September 10, 2003), adopted in March 2010 within the framework of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and development.

In order to organize anti-corruption activities, the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan on “On the establishment of the Department for combating bribery, theft and other abuses in the sphere of foreign economic activity in the structure of the prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Uzbekistan” dated March 3, 1992, “On organizational measures for the protection of private property and, decisions on the further development of anti-missile and anti-terrorism measures were adopted and measures were developed to ensure their implementation.

Today, we are witnessing the fact that such vices as apathy, indifference, hypocrisy, extortion, fraud, seed-corruption, acquaintance-ignorance, bribery are still in the system of judicial bodies. On the Prevention of cases of corruption, the Department of justice regularly conducts preventive conversations and explanatory work. In particular, in the event that the management and employees of the state notary public offices and in its system perform or fail to perform a certain action in their interests from individuals and legal entities using their service positions is directly addressed to him or through an intermediary with offers such as money, securities, material assets, gifts, ssudas, services of, he must demand the suspension of illegal actions and warn the proposed person about the appropriate liability, that the employee will not allow any actions and words that can be considered a predisposition to bribery, that in this case he will immediately inform
the heads of the relevant structural unit in writing, and in the absence of an opportunity to immediately notify, in the event that, despite the warning of the employee, money or other material assets are illegally left in his / her service room, he / she is constantly giving instructions about this by drawing up an act with the participation of the relevant person (Guard) and other employees serving at the entrance-exit post of the building and is obliged to present this act.

Also, in extended meetings, all employees should be able to perform their service duties honestly, conscientiously, at a high professional level and without deviations from their competence, to maintain their dignity and dignity in any situation, to observe the rules of etiquette, to be humble, considerate, not to be rude to anyone, to be able to imagine that in the reception of citizens there is a, and also refrain from actions that could undermine the prestige and prestige of the judicial authorities, evasion or inaction of money, material wealth and services of property importance or in any other form not receiving remuneration for the performance of their service duties, the inability to use their service positions for the purpose of obtaining any benefits, services, commercial or otherwise for themselves, relatives, it is emphasized that it is necessary to keep in mind every day that subordinates should not force employees to make illegal decisions or commit illegal acts.

The decision-making of an uncompromising attitude towards corruption in the society is a very urgent issue. Although the departments responsible for its performance are established, for its full realization, each citizen feels responsibility for himself, the set goal and provision can be achieved. Where each of us, no matter what kind of problem we face, when we witness the irresponsibility or reprimand of the responsible persons in its solution, we must submit to the circumstances, silently strike the bong instead of leaving or suffering. We must start the struggle against irresponsibility and injustice from ourselves. Then the outgoing official will wake up, he will feel what responsibility he has on his shoulders.
In the conducted research, the state, law enforcement, management and control bodies of our compatriots believe that in the Prevention of corruption and in the fight against it, in close cooperation with society and its civil institutions, with the active and direct support of these institutions, it can achieve a high result.

It is gratifying that in recent times the number of citizens who refuse to conduct illegal activities and prefer to solve their problems in a legal way is growing. This is manifested in the process of direct communication of government agencies with the people.

In place of the conclusion, we can say that corruption is a complex social phenomenon, the use of special measures to combat it is not considered effective, the fight against corruption requires a mutual chipset of the state and society. After all, the reforms carried out in this direction can give a tangible result, even if they are actively implemented by citizens. This means that we must establish public control in the fight against corruption, and we must all act together. I is not a corrupt person, taken separately as the object and object of anti-corruption activities, but it is necessary to act with the understanding that this behavior is manifested in the elimination of the circumstances that create conditions for its implementation and in the preventive measures.

References:

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